# EMOTIONS OF POWER

- BE THESE

## LOVE AND WARMTH

Communication – loving response or cry for help

## 2. APPRECIATION & GRATITUDE

## 3. CURIOSITY

- Childlike wonder/question
- Nothing is chore; exciting to discover

## 4. EXCITEMENT & PASSION

Decide to feel it

## 5. DETERMINATION

Don't be stuck; push yourself

## б. FLEXIBILITY

Ability to change approach

## 7. CONFIDENCE

- Faith in yourself; experiment; use it (1000's times before)
- Change your references

## 8. CHEERFULNESS

- Smile/laugh - Look it!

## 9. VITALITY

Look after yourself

## 10. CONTRIBUTION

Secret of living is giving

# ACTION

EXPRESS THESE AND ACT ON THEM DO SOMETHING ABOUT THESE

DISCOMFORT 1.

Change approach

FEAR 2.

Have faith, be prepared

HURT з.

- Have you lost? Evaluate; Reset Expectations
- Speak about

ANGER 4.

Change perception; procedure; behaviour

FRUSTRATION 5.

- Could be better than are, Also, ANGER not dealt with.
- B/storm new ways; look to role model; tackle and grow

DISAPPOINTMENT 6.

- Expectations not going to happen.
- Reset new goals; be patient, replan

GUILT 7.

- Highest standard violated; Act NOW!!
- Not ever again; Don't deny, deal with

INADE QUACY 8.

- Worthless? Often unfair
- Role Model Coach I CAN. Reskill.

OVERLOAD/OVERWHELM 9.

- Write down absolute important
- Rank others. Take control

LONELINESS 10.

- Get connected. Type?
- Caring people everywhere
- You care about people. ACT!

## **Help Promote Performance** (5) **Before Winning**

### Dos and Don'ts

### Do:

- teach younger children through play
- emphasise learning skills, not competing
- keep rules to a minimum with younger children
- keep competition informal with young children
- grade competitions
- emphasise achievement
- reward children for effort
- help children over the realisation that they might not have the ability of others
- build confidence by being positive
- reduce competitive expectations
- help those who do not want to compete
- tell children about how outcomes are affected by things other than their ability
- work with parents for the child's benefit
- remember mistakes are part of learning

### Don't:

- push children into adult-like competition very early
- overmatch children
- put pressure on them to win at all costs
- react badly if children do poorty; they are the first to know it

## Help Children Enjoy Their **Gaelic Sport And To Stay** With It!

### Do's and Don'ts

### Do:

- see how you can make the sport fit the child
- use equipment that is the right size
- play on smaller pitches
- use small groups where possible
- change the rules to give better performance and more satisfaction
- press for competitive structures tailored to the needs of children (not adults)
- above all, be imaginative

### Don't:

- think that what was good enough for you is necessarily the best for your youngsters
- use equipment which is too big, it may actually be dangerous
- take no for an answer and let people tell you it can't be done

# (1) Helping Children Develop Physically

### Dos and Don'ts

#### Do:

- take account of growth stages when teaching skills
- recognise the limitations placed on performance by changing physical proportions
- help performers to understand these changes
- set standards of performance according to developmental age, not chronological age
- where possible, group children of similar developmental age together, using height and weight as a guide
- encourage skill learning in all your performers;
   the less developed may eventually be most successful
- use explosive movements sparingly before puberty
- introduce contact and collision sports very carefully and in a modified form to reduce the possibility of injury
- develop a general conditioning programme to include endurance, strength and flexibility.

### Don't:

- set exercises which place excessive demands on bone growth regions during periods of maximum growth
- match children with great discrepancies in developmental stage, particularly in contact sports
- expect children to be able to do watered-down versions of adult strength exercises
- use heavy weights before adolescence.

## (2) To Help Children Respond Positively To Exercise/Sport

### Dos and Don'ts

### Do:

- make haste slowly
- develop a good general conditioning programme
- recognise the developmental stage of your performer
- emphasise steady low intensity training before puberty
- put the accent on learning skills rather than on muscular fitness
- watch carefully for signs of distress
- give a proper warm up with general exercise, gentle sustained stretching, and more vigorous running to finish
- finish sessions with a short, gentle cooling down activity
- keep children warm in cold weather; practise and compete with adequate clothing
- make sure children drink before and during activity in warm weather
- encourage good eating habits: you are what you eat, exercise needs fuel
- make sure that children get enough rest; make them stop in time; give them a day off training if they are tired; encourage them to go to bed early.

### Don't

- expect children to sustain adult training programmes
- do high intensity training before puberty
- push children to the extremes of effort before they are ready
- use exhausting warm ups
- use weights before puberty
- \* expect that girls will always be better after puberty
- expect early maturers to continue to excel
  - exercise for too long.

### Help Children To (3)Learn Skills

### Dos and Don'ts

### Do:

- work within the children's limitations
- encourage a wide range of movement experiences
- teach simply. Use the KISS principle Keep It Simple, Stupid
- develop basic movement patterns before specialised skills
- point out the important things
- modify equipment, rules and space to help children practise and decide what to
- help children evaluate their own performance
- teach big, simple movements first
- keep practices shorter with younger children
- let them play as soon as they can
- use four guiding principles:
  - Explain what they are trying to do clearly and simply
  - Demonstrate, suggest how they might do it.
  - Give enough time for practice
  - Be patient and correct errors one at a time

## Help Children Develop (4) **Emotionally And Develop** Relationships

### Dos and Don'ts

### Do:

- use praise to reward children's efforts
- give information about what to do
- use small games to teach basic rules and strategies
- increase numbers only as far as the players can deal with the extra problems posed
- try to get maximum involvement from everyone
- play children in different positions so that they learn what others have to do
- provide opportunities for team responsibility as children get older
- allow younger, less able, children to take part while they want to
- be sensitive to the adolescent who seeks independence and identity
- give confidence by encouraging children to try new things
- give everyone some success during a session
- pay attention to everyone, not just the stars
- change the rules to suit the situation

### Don't:

- expect too much too soon
- give them too much to think about
- be critical when giving feedback; be positive
- talk in technical jargon; who are you trying to impress?

### Don't:

- expect children to understand the activity completely
- evaluate the child, only the performance
- put them down for trying
- make children specialise too early.

## \*Global Skills\*

Cognitive	Associative	Automatic
Understanding	Putting into a Game	Using it in a game
Techniques of the global parts	Problem solving exercises to develop feel of the game	Feeling good in the game
Lots of mistakes	Fewer mistakes	Least mistakes
Analyse	Analyse / Synthesize	Synthesize
Coach & Key words	Key words become picture	Playing to the picture
Conscious	Conscious / Sub- conscious	Sub-conscious
* Something to love	Something to do	Something to look forward to
Questioning	Stimulating	Encouraging
Black and White	Black and White to Colour	Colour
Words, no colour (emotion)	Words & colour (emotion)	Colour (emotion)

## Skills are Habits!!

- We first make our habits, then our habits make us.
- Best Learners are self taught.
- Best Coaches ensure there is no comfort zone.
- Coaching players the way you were coached does not work.